

Intercommunication among three MyPBX (via VoIP Trunking)

1. Connect three MyPBX in same network	. 2
2. Connect three MyPBX in different locations	16
2.1 Connect three MyPBX via SIP Trunking	17
2.2 Connect three MyPBX via IAX Trunking	31



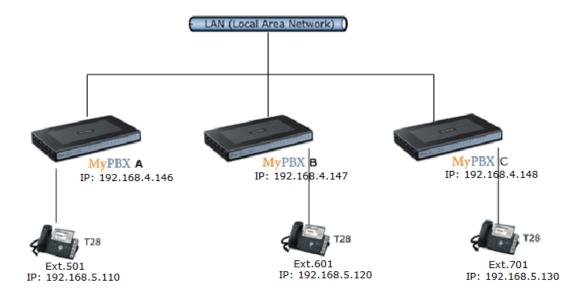
This application note explains how to link three MyPBX in different location. With this function, we can link branches together with MyPBX. Same method can be used when connect more MyPBX in different branches.

1. Connect three MyPBX in same network

The common environment for three MyPBX in different location is: three MyPBX are all behind router and using the private IP.

The simplest case to link three MyPBX together is in the same network. We start from this and then try to expand to different networks. We take MyPBX Standard as an example here, and the method is same for other MyPBX products. Below is the structure of how to link three MyPBX in the same LAN:

Flowchart:



Application:

The method of connecting three MyPBX in the same LAN is:

1. Point the MyPBX A to MyPBX B and MyPBX C via VOIP (SIP/IAX2) Trunking, so the extensions in MyPBX A can make calls to the extensions in MyPBX B and MyPBX C via this 'Special' trunk.

2. Use the reverse method in MyPBX B and MyPBX C to point to other two MyPBX.

In above structure:

1) The three MyPBX link each other via VOIP (SIP/IAX2) Trunking.



- 2) All the extensions under MyPBX A are in the format 5xx.
- 3) All the extensions under MyPBX B are in the format 6xx.
- 4) All the extensions under MyPBX C are in the format 7xx.

5) Extensions under MyPBX A can make calls to extensions under MyPBX B use format 6xx and make calls to extensions under MyPBX C using format 7xx.

6) Extensions under MyPBX B can make calls to extensions under MyPBX A use format 5xx and make calls to extensions under MyPBX C using format 7xx.

7) Extensions under MyPBX C can make calls to extensions under MyPBX A use format 5xx and make calls to extensions under MyPBX B using format 6xx.

- 8) Yealink-T28 A registers to MyPBX A as an extension 501.
- 9) Yealink-T28 B registers to MyPBX B as an extension 601.
- 10) Yealink-T28 C registers to MyPBX C as an extension 701.

Configure:

Step 1: Set up two SIP Trunkings in MyPBX A, then connect them to MyPBX B and MyPBX C respectively.

Trunks-> Service Provider -> Add Service Provider

Add Service Provider		х
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXB	
Hostname/IP:	192.168.4.147 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP -	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 🔹	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 510 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 1-1



Add Service Provider		X
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXC	
Hostname/IP:	192.168.4.148 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 -	
DOD Settings		
Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 510 - Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 1-2

Make sure the trunks status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX A trunk's status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (1 ms)		MyPBXB	SP-SIP		192.168.4.147	OK (1 ms)
OK (2 ms)		MyPBXC	SP-SIP		192.168.4.148	OK (2 ms)

Figure 1-3



Step2: Set up two SIP Trunkings in MyPBX B, then connect them to MyPBX A and MyPBX C respectively.

Trunks-> Service Provider -> Add Service Provider

Add Service Provider		х
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXA	
Hostname/IP:	192.168.4.146 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 •	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 300 As	
	Save X Cancel	

Figure 1-4



Add Service Provider		Х
Туре:	SIP 💌	
Provider Name:	MyPBXC	
Hostname/IP:	192.168.4.148 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP -	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 •	
DOD Settings		
Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 510 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 1-5

Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX B trunks' status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (2 ms)		MyPBXA	SP-SIP		192.168.4. <mark>1</mark> 46	OK (2 ms)
OK (5 ms)		MyPBXC	SP-SIP		192.168.4. <mark>1</mark> 48	OK (5 ms)

Figure 1-6



Step 3: Set up two SIP Trunkings in MyPBX C, then connect them to MyPBX A and MyPBX B respectively.

Trunks-> Service Provider -> Add Service Provider

Add Service Provider		х
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXA	
Hostname/IP:	192.168.4.146 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 💌	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 300 V	
	Save Cancel]

Figure 1-7



Add Service Provider		X
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXB	
Hostname/IP:	192.168.4.147 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 -	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 510 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save X Cancel	

Figure 1-8

Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX C trunks' status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (2 ms)		MyPBXA	SP-SIP		192.168.4.146	OK (2 ms)
OK (1 ms)		<u>MyPBXB</u>	SP-SIP		192.168.4.147	OK (1 ms)

Figure 1-9



Step 4: Set up two Outbound Routes in MyPBX A. All calls start with 6 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX B, and all calls start with 7 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX C. This is the way to route MyPBX A's call to MyPBX B and MyPBX C.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXB	x
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXB
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	6XX
Strip ¹ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No
Rrmemory Hunt 🛈 :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 500(SIP) 501(SIP) 502(SIP) 503(SIP) 504(SIP) 505(SIP) 510(FXS) 511(FXS)
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn8(FXO) GSM13(GSM) BriTrunk9(BRI) BriTrunk10(BRI) 3CX(SPS) pstn7(FXO)	>>>> MyPBXB(SPS) → ← ≪≪
	Save X Cancel

Figure 1-8



Add Outbound Route	X
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXC
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	7XX
Strip 🛈 :	digits from front
Prepend these digits 🛈 :	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt 🛈 :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	501(SIP) 502(SIP) 503(SIP) 504(SIP) 510(FXS) 511(FXS) ≪≪
Member Trunks Available Trunks	Selected
pstn7(FXO) pstn8(FXO) GSM13(GSM) BriTrunk9(BRI) BriTrunk10(BRI) MyPBXB(SPS)	Selected
	Save X Cancel

Figure 1-9

Save and Apply the Changes.



Step 5: Setup two Outbound Routes in MyPBX B. All calls start with 5 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX A, and all calls start with 7 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX C. This is the way to route MyPBX B's call to MyPBX A and MyPBX C.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Add Outbound Route	x
Route Name 🛈 :	CalltoMyPBXA
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	5XX
Strip ⁽¹⁾ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits 🛈 :	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 600(SIP) 601(SIP) 602(SIP) 603(SIP) 604(SIP)
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) E1Trunk1(E1) MyPBXC(SPS)	»» MyPBXA(SPS) ← ««
	Save X Cancel

Figure 1-10



Add Outbound Route	X
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXC
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	7XX
Strip ^① :	digits from front
Prepend these digits $m 0$:	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support ¹ :	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt 🛈 :	No 👻
Member Extensions	Selected
Member Trunks	>>> 600(SIP) 601(SIP) 602(SIP) 603(SIP) 604(SIP) ≪ ≪
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) E1Trunk1(E1) MyPBXA(SPS)	>>>> MyPBXC(SPS)
	Save Cancel

Figure 1-11

Save and Apply the Changes.



Step 6: Setup two Outbound Routes in MyPBX C. All calls start with 5 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX A, and all calls start with 6 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX B. This is the way to route MyPBX C's call to MyPBX A and MyPBX B.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXA	Х
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXA
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	5XX
Strip ⁽⁾ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt ¹ :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 700(SIP) 701(SIP) 702(SIP) 703(SIP) 703(SIP) ✓ 704(SIP)
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXB(SPS)	>>>> MyPBXA(SPS) ← ≪
	Save X Cancel

Figure 1-12



Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXB	X
Route Name 🛈 :	: CalltoMyPBXB
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	: 6XX
Strip ¹ :	: digits from front
Prepend these digits	: before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	: No 🔻
Rrmemory Hunt	No 🔻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	→ 701(SIP) 702(SIP) 703(SIP) 704(SIP) 704(SIP)
Member Trunks Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXA(SPS)	>>> MyPBXB(SPS) →
5	Save X Cancel

Figure 1-13

Note: For VoIP-Trunking mode connection, there's no need to create inbound routes for MyPBXs, the outbound routes for each MyPBX are enough.

Step 7: Test calls.

1) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX A with extension 501.

2) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX B with extension 601.

3) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX C with extension 701.

4) Test calls from MyPBX A to MyPBX B and MyPBX C : Use 501 to dial 601, then you can see 601 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 501 to dial 701, then you can see 701 is ringing and you can answer the calls.

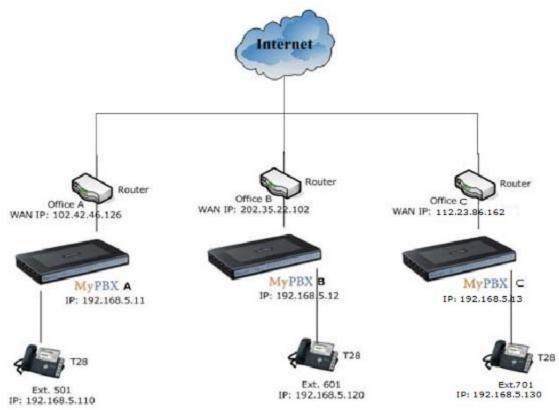
5) Test calls from MyPBX B to MyPBX A and MyPBX C : Use 601 to dial 501, then you can see 501 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 601 to dial 701, then you can see 701 is ringing and you can answer the calls.

6) Test calls from MyPBX C to MyPBX A and MyPBX B : Use 701 to dial 501, then you can see 501 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 701 to dial 601, then you can see 601 is ringing and you can answer the calls.



2. Connect three MyPBX in different locations

The other case to link three MyPBX together is in the different network. We also take MyPBX Standard as the example here, and the method is same for other MyPBX products. Below is the structure of how to link three MyPBX in the different LANs: **Flowchart:**



Application:

Note: Since the MyPBX doesn't have the public IP, we need to do port forwarding in the router and make MyPBX is reachable to others.

The method of connecting three MyPBX in the different location is:

1. Point the MyPBX A to MyPBX B and MyPBX C via VOIP (SIP/IAX2) Trunking, so the extensions in MyPBX A can make calls to MyPBX B's extensions and MyPBX C's extensions via these two 'Special' trunks.

- 2. Use the reverse method in MyPBX B to register to MyPBX A and MyPBX C.
- 3. Use the reverse method in MyPBX C to register to MyPBX A and MyPBX B.
- In the above structure:
- 1) The three MyPBX links each other via VOIP (SIP/IAX2) trunking.
- 2) All the extensions under MyPBX A are in the format 5xx.
- 3) All the extensions under MyPBX B are in the format 6xx.
- 4) All the extensions under MyPBX C are in the format 7xx.

5) Extensions under MyPBX A can make calls to extensions under MyPBX B using format 6xx and make calls to extensions under MyPBX C using format 7xx.

6) Extensions under MyPBX B can make calls to extensions under MyPBX A using format 5xx and make calls to extensions under MyPBX C using format 7xx.

7) Extensions under MyPBX C can make calls to extensions under MyPBX A using format 5xx and make calls to extensions under MyPBX B using format 6xx.

8) Yealink-T28 A registers to MyPBX A as an extension 501.

9) Yealink-T28 B registers to MyPBX B as an extension 601.

10) Yealink-T28 C registers to MyPBX C as an extension 701.

2.1 Connect three MyPBX via SIP Trunking

Step 1 Set port forwarding in the router for MyPBX A.

Example: The router's public IP is '102.42.46.126'.

The MyPBX A is behind the router, to register to MyPBX A via the internet, you need to forward the SIP port in your router, so all the packets received on the router WAN port (102.42.46.126:5060) will be forwarded to the MyPBX A (192.168.5.11:5060). Below is the setting page in a Linksys router:

Note1: we must map UDP port 5060 and UDP port 10001-12000.

Note2: Your public address from network provider maybe a dynamic IP which will be changed periodically. To overcome the problem of dynamic IP, you may need to use the DDNS service, for more info please Google via internet.

Applications					Etherf	ast® Cabl	e/DSL Rou	ter	BEFSR41
& Gaming	Setup	Sec	urity	Applications & Gaming Administra		ation	Status		
	Port Range Fo	rwarding	Port Tri	ggering	UPnP Forwardi	ng 📘	DMZ	I	QoS
Port Range Forwarding							Port	Rang	e Forwarding
			Port	t Range					rwarding can be public services
	Application	Start	End	Protocol	IP Address	Enabled	on yo	ur netwi	ork. When users net make certain
	SIP	5060 to	5060	UDP 💌	192.168.5.11		reque	sts on y	our network, the
	SIP-RTP	10001 to	12000	UDP 💌	192.168.5.11	M	requests to computers to handle the requests.		omputers equipp
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		exam	ple, you	set the port TTP) to be
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		forw	arded to	IP Address hen all HTTP
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		be fo	rwarded	to 192.168.1.2.
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		com	puter u	nded that the se static IP
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		addr	CSS.	
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		estak	lish a w	this function to eb server or FTP
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0				IP Gateway. Be enter a valid
		0 to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		More		

Figure 2-1

Step 2: Use the same method do port forwarding in router B for MyPBX B. Example: The router's public IP is '202.35.22.102'.

Step 3: Use the same method do port forwarding in router C for MyPBX C. Example: The router's public IP is '112.23.86.162'.

Step 4: Set up two SIP Trunkings in MyPBX A, then connect them to MyPBX B and MyPBX C respectively.

Add Service Provider		Х
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXB	
Hostname/IP:	202.35.22.102 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 🔹	
DOD Settings		
Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 601 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Trunks-> Service Provider -> New Service Provider

Figure 2-2



Add Service Provider		х
Type:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXC	
Hostname/IP:	112.23.86.162 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP -	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 🔹	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
		7
DOD :	Associated Extension : 510 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 2-3

Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX A trunks' status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (1 ms)		MyPBXB	SP-SIP		202.35.22.102	OK (1 ms)
OK (2 ms)		MyPBXC	SP-SIP		112.23.86.162	OK (2 ms)

Figure 2-4



Step 5: Setup two SIP Trunkings in MyPBX B, then connect them to MyPBX A and MyPBX C respectively.

Trunks-> Service Provider -> Add Service Provider

Add Service Provider		Х
Type:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXA	
Hostname/IP:	102.42.46.126 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 610 - Add DOD	
	Save X Cancel	

Figure 2-5



Add Service Provider		Х
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXC	
Hostname/IP:	112.23.86.162 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 •	
DOD Settings		
Global DOD:		1
]
DOD :	Associated Extension : 510 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 2-6

Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX B trunks' status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (2 ms)		MyPBXA	SP-SIP		102.42.46.126	OK (2 ms)
OK (5 ms)		MyPBXC	SP-SIP		112.23.86.162	OK (5 ms)

Figure 2-7



Step 6: Setup two SIP Trunkings in MyPBX C, then connect them to MyPBX A and MyPBX B respectively.

Trunks-> Service Provider -> Add Service Provider

Add Service Provider		Х
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXA	
Hostname/IP:	102.42.46.126 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 🔹	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		7
DOD :	Associated Extension : 610 Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 2-8



Add Service Provider		Х
Туре:	SIP 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXB	
Hostname/IP:	202.35.22.102 : 5060	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
Transport:	UDP 🔻	
Qualify:		
DTMF Mode:	rfc2833 •	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 601 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 2-9

Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX C trunks' status:

Trunks							
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability	
OK (2 ms)		<u>MyPBXA</u>	SP-SIP		102.42.46.126	OK (2 ms)	
OK (1 ms)		MyPBXB	SP-SIP		202.35.22.102	OK (1 ms)	

Figure 2-10



Step 7: Setup two Outbound Routes in MyPBX A. All calls start with 6 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX B, and all calls start with 7 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX C. This is the way to route MyPBX A's call to MyPBX B and MyPBX C.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXB	X
Route Name 🛈 :	CalltoMyPBXB
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	6XX
Strip ¹ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt ¹ :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 500(SIP) 501(SIP) 502(SIP) 503(SIP) 504(SIP) ≤ 505(SIP) 510(FXS) \$11(FXS)
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn8(FXO) GSM13(GSM) BrīTrunk9(BRI) BrīTrunk10(BRI) 3CX(SPS) pstn7(FXO)	>>>> MyPBXB(SPS) ←
	Save X Cancel

Figure 2-11



Add Outbound Route	X
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXC
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	7XX
Strip	digits from front
Prepend these digits $oldsymbol{0}$:	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt ⁽¹⁾ :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	→ 501(SIP) 502(SIP) 503(SIP) 504(SIP) 510(FXS) 511(FXS) ≪≪
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn7(FXO) pstn8(FXO) GSM13(GSM) BriTrunk9(BRI) BriTrunk10(BRI) MyPBXB(SPS)	»» MyPBXC(SPS) → ← ≪≪
	Save X Cancel

Figure 2-12

Save and Apply the Changes.



Step 8: Set up two Outbound Routes in MyPBX B. All calls start with 5 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX A, and all calls start with 7 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX C. This is the way to route MyPBX B's call to MyPBX A and MyPBX C.

In	the page:	Outbound	Routes ->	Add	Outbound Rout	e.
	the page.	oursound	nouros >	7100	ourbound nour	0.

Add Outbound Route	x
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXA
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	5XX
Strip ¹ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt ¹ :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 600(SIP) 601(SIP) 602(SIP) 603(SIP) 604(SIP)
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) E1Trunk1(E1) MyPBXC(SPS)	»» MyPBXA(SPS) ← ««
	Save Cancel

Figure 2-13



Add Outbound Route	X
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXC
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	7XX
Strip ^① :	digits from front
Prepend these digits $m 0$:	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support ¹ :	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt 🛈 :	No 👻
Member Extensions	Selected
Member Trunks	>>> 600(SIP) 601(SIP) 602(SIP) 603(SIP) 604(SIP) ≪ ≪
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) E1Trunk1(E1) MyPBXA(SPS)	>>>> MyPBXC(SPS)
	Save Cancel

Figure 2-14

Save and Apply the Changes.



Step 9: Set up two Outbound Routes in MyPBX C. All calls start with 5 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX A, and all calls start with 6 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX B. This is the way to route MyPBX C's call to MyPBX A and MyPBX B.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXA	Х
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXA
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	5XX
Strip ⁽⁾ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt ¹ :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 700(SIP) 701(SIP) 702(SIP) 703(SIP) 703(SIP) ✓ 704(SIP)
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXB(SPS)	>>>> MyPBXA(SPS) ← ≪
	Save X Cancel

Figure 2-15



Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXB	x
Route Name 🛈 :	CalltoMyPBXB
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	6XX
Strip ⁽⁾ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt 🛈 :	No 🔻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXA(SPS)	≫≫ MyPBXB(SPS) ← ««
	Save X Cancel

Figure 2-16

Save and Apply the Changes.

Note: For VoIP-Trunking mode connection, there's no need to create inbound routes for MyPBXs, the outbound routes for each MyPBX are enough.

Step 10: Test call.

1) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX A with extension 501.

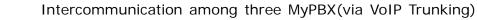
2) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX B with extension 601.

3) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX C with extension 701.

4) Test calls from MyPBX A to MyPBX B and MyPBX C : Use 501 to dial 601, then you can see 601 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 501 to dial 701, then you can see 701 is ringing and you can answer the calls.

5) Test calls from MyPBX B to MyPBX A and MyPBX C : Use 601 to dial 501, then you can see 501 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 601 to dial 701, then you can see 701 is ringing and you can answer the calls.

6) Test calls from MyPBX C to MyPBX A and MyPBX B : Use 701 to dial 501, then you can see 501 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 701 to dial 601, then you can see 601 is ringing and you can answer the calls.





2.2 Connect three MyPBX via IAX Trunking

Step 1 Set port forwarding in the router for MyPBX A. Example: The router's public IP is '102.42.46.126'.

The MyPBX A is behind the router, to register to MyPBX A via the internet, you need to forward the IAX port in your router, so all the packets received on the router WAN port (102.42.46.126:4569) will be forwarded to the MyPBX A (192.168.5.11:4569).

Below is the setting page in a Linksys router:

Note1: we must map UDP port 4569.

Note2: Your public address from network provider maybe a dynamic IP which will be changed periodically. To overcome the problem of dynamic IP, you may need to use the DDNS service, for more info please Google via internet.

LINKSYS [®] A Division of Cisco Systems, Inc.									Firmware Version: 1.04.06
Applications						Ether	fast® Cabl	e/DSL Route	r BEFSR41
Applications & Gaming	Setup	!	Secu	rity	Application: & Gaming	s Administ	ration	Status	
	Port Range Fo	rwarding		Port Tri	ggering	UPnP Forwar	ding	DMZ	QoS
Port Range Forwarding								Port R	ange Forwarding
				Port	t Range				nge Forwarding can be
	Application	Start		End	Protocol	IP Address	Enabled	on your	set up public services network. When users
	IAX	4569	to	4569	Both 💌	192.168.5.11		request	Internet make certain s on your network, the can forward those
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		request	s to computers equipped e the requests. If, for
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		example	; you set the port 80 (HTTP) to be
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0			led to IP Address .1.2, then all HTTP
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		be forw	s from outside users will arded to 192.168.1.2. It
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		compu	mmended that the ter use static IP
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		addres	
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		establis	y use this function to h a web server or FTP
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0			via an IP Gateway. Be t you enter a valid
		0	to	0	Both 💌	192.168.5.0		More	
									CISCO SYSTEMS
			_		Save Set	ings Cance	el Changes		aullu

Figure 2-17



Step 2: Use the same method do port forwarding in router B for MyPBX B. Example: The router's public IP is '202.35.22.102'.

Step 3: Use the same method do port forwarding in router C for MyPBX C. Example: The router's public IP is '112.23.86.162'.

Step 4: Setup two IAX Trunkings in MyPBX A, connect to MyPBX B and MyPBX C respectively.

Add Service Provider		Х
Туре:	IAX 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXB	
Hostname/IP:	202.35.22.102 : 4569	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
DOD Settings		
Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 610 Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Trunks-> Service Provider -> Add Service Provider

Figure 2-18



Add Service Provider	Х
Type: IAX 👻	
Provider Name: MyPBXC	
Hostname/IP: 112.23.86.162 : 4569	
Maximum Channels : 0	
DOD Settings Global DOD:	
DOD : Associated Extension : 510 Add DOD	
Save X Cancel	

Figure 2-19

Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX A trunks' status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (1 ms)		<u>MyPBXB</u>	SP-IAX		202.35.22.102	OK (1 ms)
OK (2 ms)		MyPBXC	SP-IAX		112.23.86.162	OK (2 ms)

Figure 2-20



Step 5: Set up two IAX Trunkings in MyPBX B, then connect them to MyPBX A and MyPBX C respectively.

Trunks-> Service Provider -> New Service Provider

Add Service Provider		х
Туре:	IAX 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXA	
Hostname/IP:	102.42.46.126 : 4569	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 610 Add DOD	
	Save X Cancel	

Figure 2-21

Add Service Provider		X
Туре:	IAX 🔻	
Provider Name:	MyPBXC	
Hostname/IP:	112.23.86.162	: 4569
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 510 -	↑Add DOD
	Save X Cancel	

Figure 2-22



Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX B trunks' status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (2 ms)		<u>MyPBXA</u>	SP-IAX		102.42.46.126	OK (2 ms)
OK (5 ms)		MyPBXC	SP-IAX		112.23.86.162	OK (5 ms)

Figure 2-23

Step 6: Set up two IAX Trunkings in MyPBX C, then connect them to MyPBX A and MyPBX B respectively.

Trunks-> Service Provider -> New Service Provider

Add Service Provider	X	{
Туре:		
Provider Name:	MyPBXA	
Hostname/IP:	102.42.46.126 : 4569	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
DOD Settings Global DOD:		
DOD :	Associated Extension : 610 ▼ ↑Add DOD	
	Save X Cancel	

Figure 2-24



Add Service Provider		Х
Туре:		
Provider Name:	MyPBXB	
Hostname/IP:	202.35.22.102 : 4569	
Maximum Channels 🛈 :	0	
DOD Settings		
Global DOD:		1
		1
DOD :	Associated Extension : 610 - Add DOD	
	Save Cancel	

Figure 2-25

Make sure the trunk status is ok on Line status page. MyPBX C trunks' status:

				Trunks		
Status	Signal	Trunk Name	Туре	User Name	Port/Hostname/IP	Reachability
OK (2 ms)		<u>MyPBXA</u>	SP-IAX		102.42.46.126	OK (2 ms)
OK (1 ms)		<u>MyPBXB</u>	SP-IAX		202.35.22.102	OK (1 ms)

Figure 2-26



Step 7: Set up two Outbound Routes in MyPBX A. All calls start with 6 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX B, and all calls start with 7 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX C. This is the way to route MyPBX A's call to MyPBX B and MyPBX C.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXB	x
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXB
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	6XX
Strip ¹ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	501(SIP) 502(SIP) 503(SIP) 504(SIP) 510(FXS) 511(FXS) ≪≪
Member Trunks Available Trunks	Selected
pstn8(FXO) GSM13(GSM) BriTrunk9(BRI) BriTrunk10(BRI) 3CX(SPS) pstn7(FXO)	→ MyPBXB(SPX)
	Save Cancel

Figure 2-27



Add Outbound Route	X
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXC
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	7XX
Strip 🛈 :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt ⁽¹⁾ :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 500(SIP) ▲ 501(SIP) 502(SIP) ■ 503(SIP) 503(SIP) ■ 504(SIP) 510(FXS) 511(FXS) ≪ ▼
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXB(SPX)	>>> MyPBXC(SPX) →
	Save X Cancel

Figure 2-28

Save and Apply the Changes.



Step 8: Set up two Outbound Routes in MyPBX B. All calls start with 5 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX A, and all calls start with 7 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX C. This is the way to route MyPBX B's call to MyPBX A and MyPBX C.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXA	x
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXA
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	5XX
Strip ⁽¹⁾ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits 🛈 :	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt 🛈 :	No 🔻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	← 602(SIP) 603(SIP) 604(SIP) 605(SIP) 610(FXS) 611(FXS) ≪≪
Member Trunks Available Trunks	Selected
pstn7(FXO) pstn8(FXO) GSM13(GSM) BriTrunk9(BRI) BriTrunk10(BRI) 3CX(SPS)	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>
	Save Cancel

Figure 2-29



Add Outbound Route	X
Route Name🛈 :	CalltoMyPBXC
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	7XX
Strip 🛈 :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 🔻
Rrmemory Hunt	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
	>>> 600(SIP) ▲ 601(SIP) 602(SIP) ■ 603(SIP) € € € 604(SIP) ▼
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXA(SPX)	>>> MyPBXC(SPX) →
	Save X Cancel

Figure 2-30

Save and Apply the Changes.



Step 9: Set up two Outbound Routes in MyPBX C. All calls start with 5 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX A, and all calls start with 6 and 3 digits will be sent to MyPBX B. This is the way to route MyPBX C's call to MyPBX A and MyPBX B.

In the page: Outbound Routes -> Add Outbound Route.

Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXA	x
Route Name	CalltoMyPBXA
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	5XX
Strip ¹ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No 👻
Rrmemory Hunt ¹ :	No 👻
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
705(SIP) 706(SIP) 707(SIP) 708(SIP) 709(SIP)	>>> 700(SIP) 701(SIP) 702(SIP) 703(SIP) 704(SIP)
Member Trunks	
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXB(SPX)	>>> MyPBXA(SPX) →
	Save X Cancel

Figure 2-31



Edit Outbound Route - CalltoMyPBXB	x
Route Name 🛈 :	CalltoMyPBXB
Dial Pattern 🛈 :	6XX
Strip ¹ :	digits from front
Prepend these digits	before dialing
Password:	
T.38 Support	No ×
Rrmemory Hunt	
Member Extensions	
Available Extensions	Selected
705(SIP) 706(SIP) 707(SIP) 708(SIP) 709(SIP)	>>> 700(SIP) 701(SIP) 702(SIP) 703(SIP) 703(SIP) ~ ~
Available Trunks	Selected
pstn1(FXO) pstn2(FXO) MyPBXA(SPX)	»» MyPBXB(SPX) → ←
Save X Cancel	

Figure 2-32

Save and Apply the Changes.

Note: For IAX-Trunking mode connection, there's no need to create inbound routes for MyPBXs, the outbound routes for each MyPBX are enough.



Step 10: Test calls.

1) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX A with extension 501.

2) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX B with extension 601.

3) Register an IP phone T28 to MyPBX C with extension 701.

4) Test calls from MyPBX A to MyPBX B and MyPBX C : Use 501 to dial 601, then you can see 601 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 501 to dial 701, then you can see 701 is ringing and you can answer the calls.

5) Test calls from MyPBX B to MyPBX A and MyPBX C : Use 601 to dial 501, then you can see 501 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 601 to dial 701, then you can see 701 is ringing and you can answer the calls.

6) Test calls from MyPBX C to MyPBX A and MyPBX B : Use 701 to dial 501, then you can see 501 is ringing and you can answer the calls; Use 701 to dial 601, then you can see 601 is ringing and you can answer the calls.

<The End>